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**V.V. Kuleshov, V.E. Seliverstov**

**SIBERIA'S ROLE IN THE SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT  
OF RUSSIA AND ITS POSITIONING IN THE RUSSIAN  
FEDERATION SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY**

*The article considers a problematic situation and disproportion in the spatial development of Russia. It expresses the authors' position on the currently established Russian Federation Spatial Development Strategy and outlines conceptual provisions that should be reflected there. We examine the strategic priorities for the spatial development of Russia and Siberia, as well as trends, challenges, and threats that can change the development vectors in macro-regions. Special attention is paid to the positioning of Siberia in the eastern vector of Russia's development and, in particular, to the problems of development and interaction among the regions in Siberia, the Russian Far East, and the Northeast China. We review some issues related to aligning the Eurasian Economic Union with the Silk Road Economic Belt and carrying out the One Belt One Road Initiative.*

**Keywords:** Siberia; Russian Spatial Development Strategy; regional policy; strategic planning; investment projects; Russia–China economic cooperation; One Belt One Road Initiative

*The publication is prepared within the Complex Program for Basic Research of the Siberian Branch of RAS No. II.2 (project No. II.2 /XI.174-1) and within the priority XI.173 (project No. XI.173.1.1) according to the research plan of the IEIE SB RAS*

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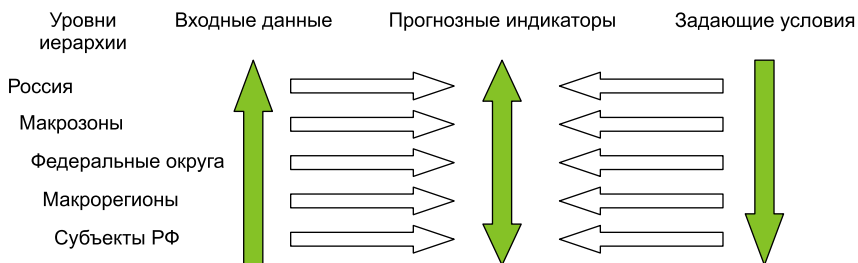
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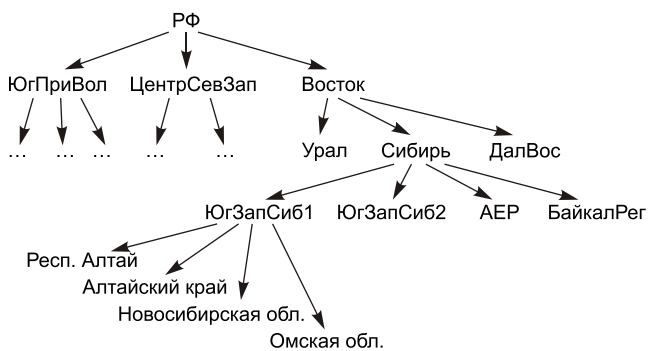


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	0,514	0,472	0,528	0,562
	0,252	0,298	0,235	0,225
	0,497	0,418	0,523	0,565

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	0,502	0,513	0,473	0,468
	0,310	0,302	0,352	0,355
.	0,501	0,456	0,512	0,453
	0,280	0,328	0,242	0,231
.-	0,525	0,442	0,457	0,492
, %	138,6	136,8	141,8	150,5

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**S.A. Suspitsyn**

## **PROJECT SIRENA: FROM CONCEPT TO TECHNOLOGY**

*The article describes the background, current state and development prospects of the SIRENA (abbreviated from «synthesis of regional and macro-economic solutions» in Russian) research project, which has been developed in the IEIE since the early 1980s and deals with a methodology for coordinating long-term solutions within the two-tier «national economy – regions» system was developed in the early 1980s. We present a model-methodical and software-information platform aimed at building a complex of hierarchical forecast calculations (KIPR), which is the calculation core of Project SIRENA. The article gives examples of how to make long-term regional development forecasts that implement the correct transfer of scenario macroeconomic conditions to the regions. We discuss promising trends in analyzing and forecasting the development of the Russian multiregional system with SIRENA: studying the topological properties of the space of regional indicators, measuring sustainable spatial transformations of the Russian economy, technologizing methods for developing normative scenarios of the country's spatial development, constructing genetic development scenarios for the Russian multi-regional system based on evolutionary economics and others.*

**Keywords:** spatial economics; region; scenarios; strategic planning; modeling; long-term forecasts; hierarchical structure

*The publication is prepared within the priority XI.173 (project No. XI.173.1.1) according to the research plan of the IEIE SB RAS*

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*Region: Economics & Sociology, 2017, No. 4 (96), p. 62–76*

**I.N. Myslyaeva, T.V. Naumenko**

## **INTER-BUDGETARY RELATIONS IN THE SYSTEM OF STATE REGIONAL POLICY MEASURES**

*The article analyzes the current state of the fiscal equalization system in the Russian Federation and comes to a conclusion thereon: the country lacks a complete and efficient system for redistributing public funds between the budget levels. Unlike most studies in this field, the paper challenges the conclusion that a cooperative model of fiscal federalism needs to be implemented as being only possible development of Russia's center–periphery relations. In order to stabilize the economic situation in the regions and municipalities, as well as to overcome their welfare mentality, we propose to employ a mixed model that includes elements of both cooperative and decentralized models of fiscal federalism.*

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**Keywords:** budgetary security; regions; inter-budgetary relations; inter-governmental transfers; a model of budgetary federalism

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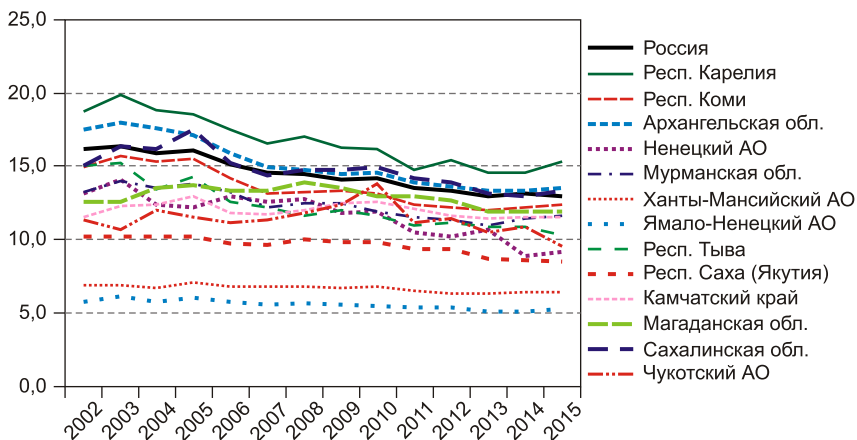
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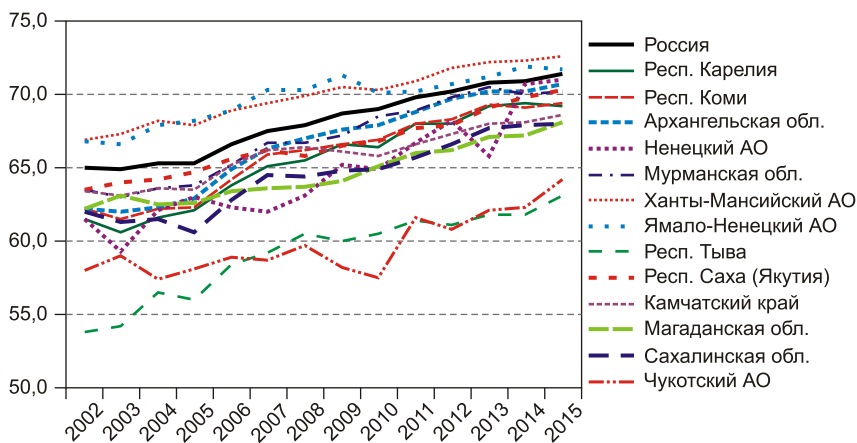
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	59,0	57,5	58,1	58,7	58,2	61,6	60,8	62,1	62,3	64,2
.	63,1	62,4	62,6	63,6	64,1	66,0	66,2	67,1	67,2	68,1
	63,1	63,6	63,5	66,2	66,1	66,6	67,3	68,0	68,1	68,6
( )	64,0	64,2	64,7	66,2	66,5	67,7	67,9	69,1	69,8	70,3
	54,2	56,5	56,0	59,2	60,0	61,4	61,1	61,8	61,8	63,1
.	61,3	61,5	60,6	64,5	64,8	65,7	66,6	67,7	67,9	68,0
	60,6	61,6	62,1	65,1	66,6	68,0	68,0	69,2	69,4	69,2
	61,5	62,2	62,3	65,8	66,5	68,0	68,3	69,3	69,1	69,4
.	63,0	63,6	63,8	66,7	67,2	68,9	69,8	70,5	70,0	70,2
.	61,9	62,3	62,9	66,3	67,6	68,8	69,7	70,2	70,2	70,7
	59,3	62,1	63,0	62,0	65,2	66,7	68,2	65,8	70,7	71,0
-	66,6	67,9	68,2	70,2	71,3	70,2	70,7	71,2	71,9	71,7
-	67,3	68,2	67,9	69,4	70,5	70,9	71,8	72,2	72,3	72,6

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	78	63	61	64	57	59	66
	57	55	67	70	68	72	74
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	61,5	55,5	68,7	69,4	63,3	75,7	13,2	12,4
	61,9	55,4	69,9	70,7	64,9	76,6	14,5	11,7
	59,3	52,0	68,1	71,0	65,2	76,9	16,0	11,7
	63,0	56,8	70,0	70,2	64,5	75,7	13,2	11,2
-	67,3	62,0	73,1	70,3	64,9	75,8	11,1	10,9
-	66,6	61,6	72,3	68,6	63,3	74,4	10,7	11,1
	54,2	48,8	60,2	63,1	58,1	68,3	11,4	10,2
( )	64,0	58,1	70,6	70,3	64,9	75,8	12,5	10,9
	63,1	57,5	69,8	68,6	63,3	74,4	12,3	11,1
	63,1	57,4	70,0	68,1	63,2	73,4	12,6	10,2
	61,3	55,2	68,7	68,0	62,4	74,1	13,5	11,7
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	54,5	10,5	16,9	50,3	15,9	9,1
	48,0	10,5	20,8	46,4	16,6	13,0
.	55,6	10,5	17,3	56,6	16,9	11,2
	51,6	10,2	25,3	48,1	17,7	19,2
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	33,0	7,6	33,4	33,7	11,9	27,9
( )	40,6	12,9	23,4	45,5	15,3	17,1
	47,4	12,6	19,2	53,0	15,9	11,2
.	44,9	14,3	20,2	45,7	17,3	14,7
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	-39,2	13,3	-50,5
	-16,0	19,0	-39,8
-	-10,8	6,8	-51,5
-	-10,5	29,6	-41,2
	-30,8	6,7	-43,5
( )	-6,7	-1,2	-39,1
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	22,5	10,2	7,3	4,3	5,0	4,5
.	14,2	15,1	12,0	9,3	5,1	2,8
	18,0	24,4	16,6	5,7	5,3	3,4
	17,4	14,4	9,6	4,9	5,7	3,1
.	15,9	12,5	11,2	5,3	5,9	2,7
.	16,2	14,1	12,6	6,8	6,0	2,7
.	22,7	15,1	14,4	5,9	6,1	3,7

-	21,5	14,4	11,2	12,2	7,3	2,9
( )	19,5	17,6	10,6	7,2	7,6	2,6
	15,4	16,0	10,3	9,4	9,1	1,7
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*Region: Economics & Sociology, 2017, No. 4 (96), p. 77–100*

**L.A. Popova, N.N. Taranenko**

**NORTHERN REGIONS IN RUSSIA:  
THE LEVEL AND STRUCTURE OF MORTALITY**

*The article examines mortality and life expectancy in the northern regions of Russia. It shows that life expectancy in the North is below the national average. Only in Khanty-Mansi and Yamalo-Nenets Autonomous Okrugs, this indicator is higher than the nationwide figure. This situation is largely due to the «export of mortality» to the southern regions. Despite the reduction, life expectancy here is still more gender-differentiated than it is in other parts of the country. The proportion of mortality from external causes remains above the average Russian level. In most of the North, infant mortality has declined over recent years. The article's conclusion is that the Russian North still has large reserves to increase life expectancy. We justify activities for extending the existing positive trends.*

**Keywords:** northern regions; mortality; life expectancy; gender differentiation; mortality causes; infant mortality

*The publication is prepared within the framework of the Complex Research Program of the Ural Branch of the Russian Academy of Sciences (project No. 15-14-7-6)*

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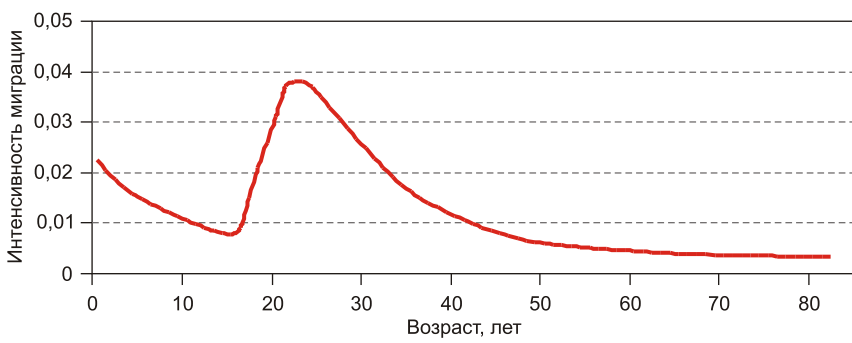
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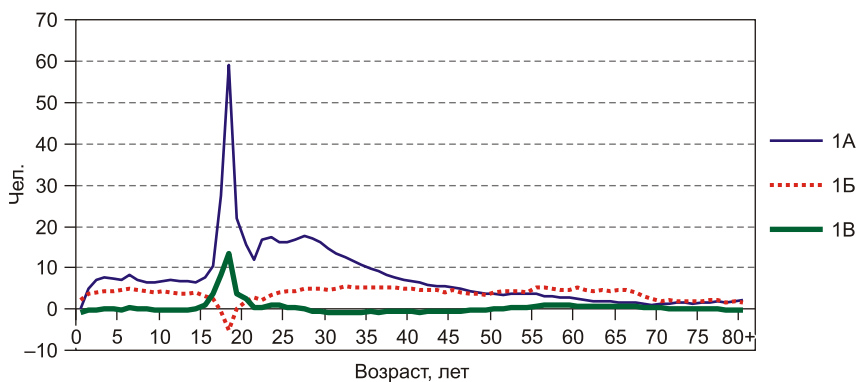
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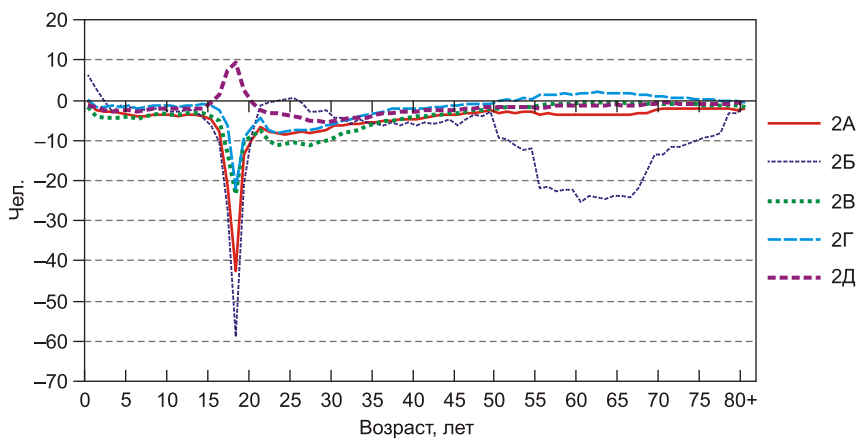
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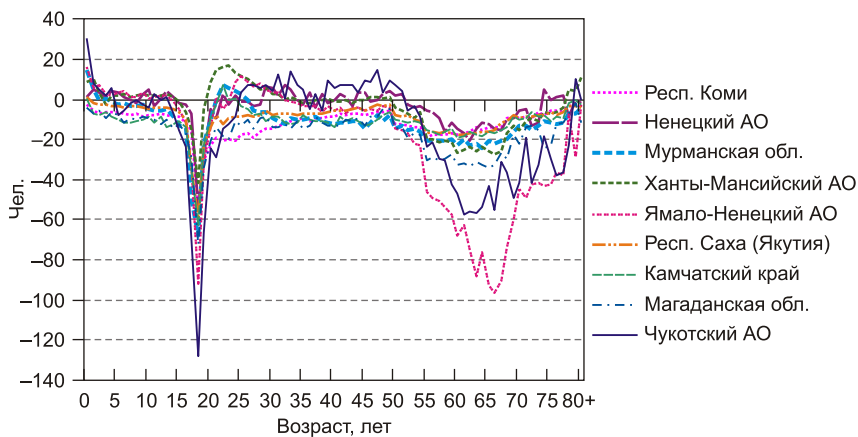
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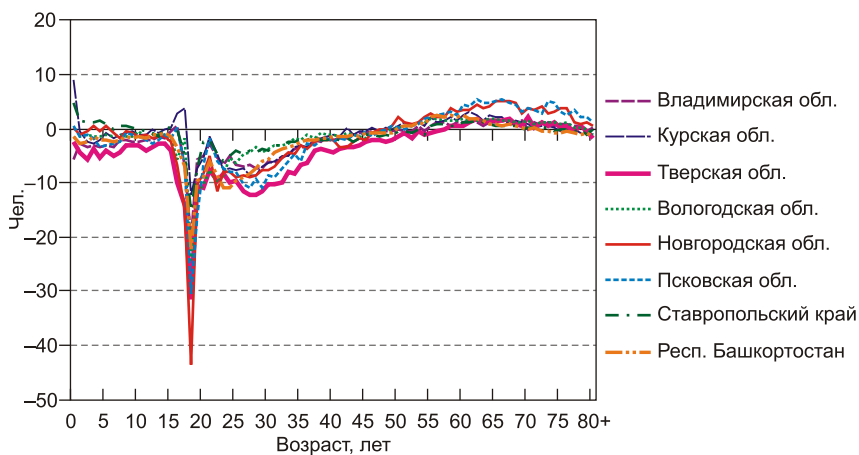
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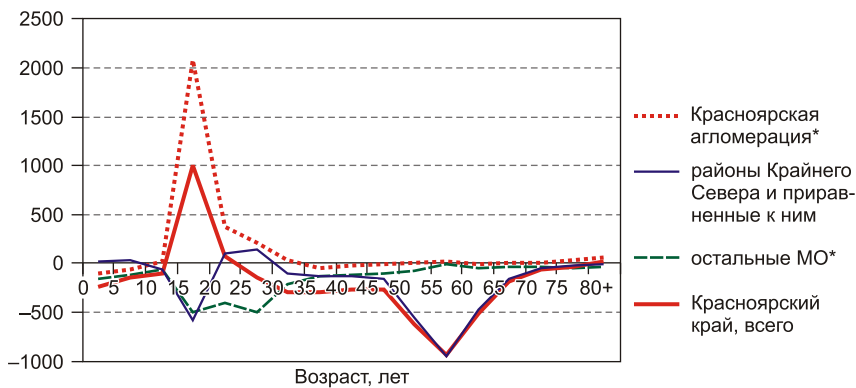
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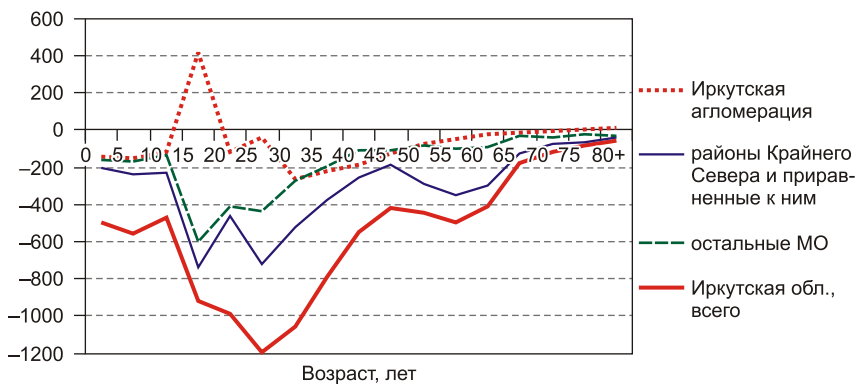
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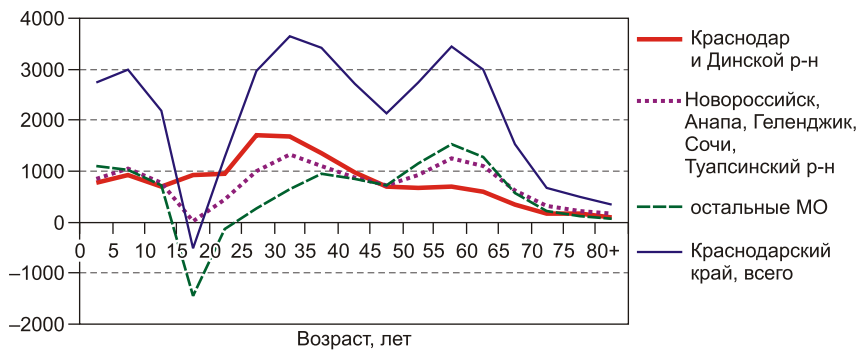
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**L.B. Karachurina, N.V. Mkrtchyan**

## **AGE SPECIFIC OF INTERREGIONAL MIGRATION IN RUSSIA**

*This article analyzes differences between age-specific interregional migration profiles in Russia and their features. The study relies on the data on internal interregional migration by one-year age groups for the period of 2011–2015, and data on migration between municipal formations by five-year age groups for the period of 2012–2015. The primary method of analysis is to classify age-specific migration profiles. We divided the regions of Russia into two types: with net interregional migration gain and with net migration loss. Then we defined sub-types of regions differed by migration gain (loss) in the key age groups and by age-specific migration rates. The article shows and explains variations in indices of the age-specific intensity of net interregional migration, as well as highlights the impact of migration on the age structure of the population in regions.*

**Keywords:** age; index of the age-specific intensity of net migration; inter-regional migration; regions

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1995–2010 ., -

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2001–2014

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[14; 15].

( [16]),  
[17] [10].

$$G = \frac{2}{\bar{y}} \text{Cov}(y, F(y)) = \frac{2}{\bar{y}} \sum_{i=1}^m (y_i - \bar{y}) (\hat{F}_i - \bar{F}), \quad (1)$$
  
 $y_i -$   $i-$  ,  $i = 1; m -$  ,  
;  
 $\bar{y} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n y_i -$   
;  $F(y) -$   
;  
 $\hat{F}_i -$   
 $i-$  ,

$$\hat{F}_i = \sum_{i=0}^{i-1} \dots / 2. \quad (2)$$

,  
$$\bar{F} = \sum_{i=1}^m (\hat{F}_i - \dots) = 0,5.$$

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.- 2015. - 3.

$y_i = \frac{1}{K} \sum_{k=1}^K y_{ik}, \quad y_{ik} = y_i + \varepsilon_{ik}$

$$G(y_k) = \frac{2}{\bar{y}} \text{Cov}(y_k, F(y)) = \frac{2}{\bar{y}} \sum_{i=1}^m (y_{ki} - \bar{y}_k) (\hat{F}_i - \bar{F}), \quad (3)$$

$$G = \sum_{k=1}^K G(y_k). \quad (4)$$

$$\bar{y}_k = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m y_{ki}$$

$G(y_k) = a_k g_k s_k$

$$G(y_k) = a_k g_k s_k. \quad (5)$$

$$a_k = \bar{y}_k / \bar{y} - \bar{y}_k$$

$$g_k = \frac{2}{\bar{y}_k} \text{Cov}(y_k, F(y_k)) - \bar{y}_k$$

$$s_k = \text{Cov}(y_k, F(y)) / \text{Cov}(y_k, F(y_k)) - \bar{y}_k$$

(Divisia index).



, %

2001	12,6	38,5	15,2	5,7	28,0	100,0	13,0	39,5	15,6	5,0	26,9	100,0
2002	11,9	41,0	15,3	5,2	26,6	100,0	12,2	41,8	15,7	4,8	25,4	100,0
2003	12,0	39,4	14,1	7,8	26,7	100,0	12,4	40,1	14,7	7,2	25,6	100,0
2004	11,7	40,5	12,9	8,3	26,6	100,0	12,2	41,1	13,5	7,5	25,7	100,0
2005	11,4	39,6	12,7	10,3	26,0	100,0	11,8	39,8	13,4	9,0	26,0	100,0
2006	11,1	39,5	12,0	10,0	27,4	100,0	11,5	39,5	12,7	8,8	27,6	100,0
2007	10,0	41,4	11,6	8,9	28,1	100,0	10,5	41,1	12,2	7,9	28,3	100,0
2008	10,2	44,7	13,2	6,2	25,7	100,0	10,6	43,5	13,6	5,5	26,9	100,0
2009	9,7	41,2	14,9	6,5	27,7	100,0	9,9	40,3	15,4	5,8	28,7	100,0
2010	8,9	40,3	17,7	6,2	26,9	100,0	9,2	39,4	18,3	5,6	27,7	100,0
2011	8,9	40,0	18,3	5,2	27,6	100,0	9,3	39,2	18,8	4,6	28,1	100,0
2012	9,4	41,3	18,3	5,1	25,9	100,0	9,7	40,3	18,8	4,6	26,5	100,0
2013	8,6	41,4	18,6	5,5	25,9	100,0	8,9	40,4	19,1	5,0	26,5	100,0
2014	8,4	41,6	18,0	5,8	26,2	100,0	8,6	40,4	18,4	5,4	27,2	100,0
2015	7,9	38,3	18,3	6,2	29,3	100,0	8,1	37,4	18,6	5,8	30,2	100,0

[illegible]

. . . , 2015 . 30,8%  
 . , 8,5% . -  
 6206,7 . -  
 1792,6 . -  
 (2933,4 .) . -

( )						
	-	-	-	-	-	-
2001	0,230	0,203	0,157	0,545	0,302	0,200
2002	0,214	0,184	0,133	0,462	0,329	0,183
2003	0,202	0,183	0,113	0,464	0,335	0,194
2004	0,197	0,188	0,097	0,496	0,358	0,197
2005	0,192	0,199	0,081	0,560	0,304	0,193
2006	0,190	0,198	0,074	0,513	0,253	0,176
2007	0,198	0,206	0,066	0,499	0,238	0,172
2008	0,194	0,207	0,068	0,478	0,198	0,135
2009	0,212	0,207	0,072	0,513	0,207	0,146
2010	0,224	0,215	0,065	0,470	0,216	0,139
2011	0,228	0,206	0,064	0,490	0,243	0,134
2012	0,233	0,201	0,062	0,452	0,255	0,125
2013	0,244	0,196	0,058	0,392	0,245	0,122
2014	0,248	0,211	0,058	0,371	0,240	0,115
2015	0,264	0,212	0,063	0,358	0,206	0,109
2015/2001, %	14,8	4,7	-59,6	-34,2	-31,8	-45,4

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 2014 . ). , -  
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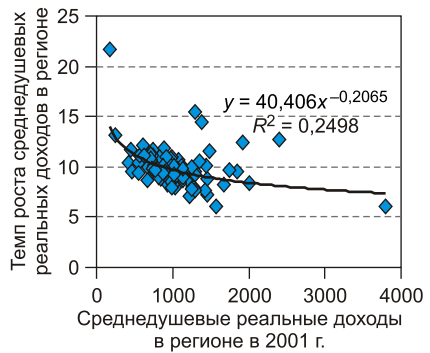
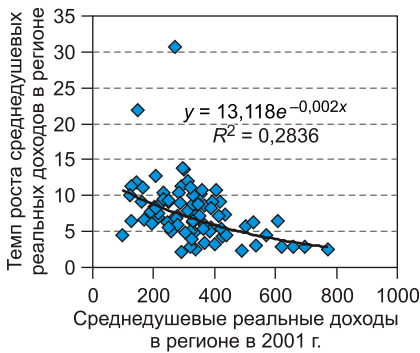
2005

2008

2012 2013–2015

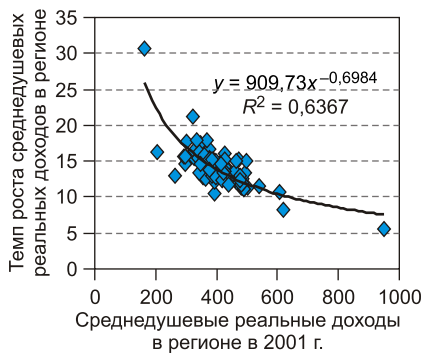
$$\ln(y_t / y_0) = b_0 + \ln(y_0) +$$

1–5,



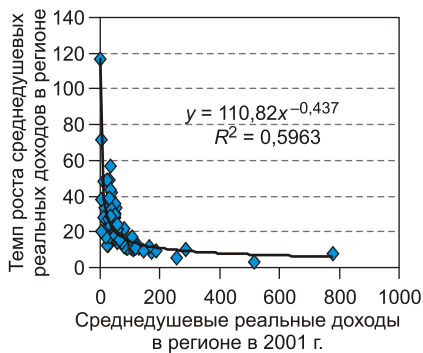
1.

2.



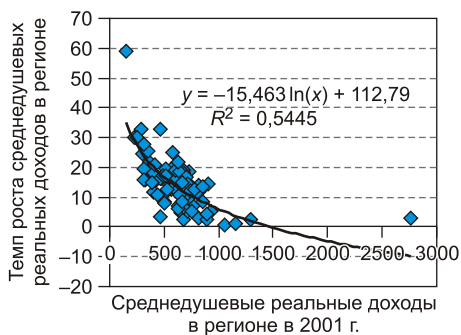
. 3.

., %, ,



. 4.

., %, ,



. 5.

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0,216 0,24

0,632, – 0,591, –  
0,576. 0,001. –  
, . –  
( . 3) –  
, – ( , 2015 .  $R = 0,714$   $R = 0,641$  –  
).

3

2001 2015 .

2001						
	1					
	0,024	1				
	0,285	0,129	1			
	0,317	0,503	0,499	1		
	0,549	0,387	0,455	0,652	1	
	0,450	0,809	0,467	0,770	0,821	1
2015						
	1					
	–0,168	1				
	–0,289	0,430	1			
	–0,195	0,552	0,325	1		
	0,397	–0,407	–0,263	0,034	1	
	0,247	0,712	0,330	0,641	0,320	1

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; – ; – ; – ; –

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, 2001 .  
 0,809,  
 2004 . -  
 0,833. , -  
 , -  
 ( , 2014 .  $R = 0,59$ ). , -  
 ,  
 .  
 (   
 ) ( $R_{2001} = 0,821, R_{2015} = 0,32$ ). 2001 . -  
 ( $R_{2001} = 0,549$ ) -  
 ( $R_{2001} = 0,652$ ).  
 ( $R_{2001} = 0,387$   $R_{2001} = 0,455$ ). 2015 . -  
 . -  
 ( $R_{2015} = 0,397$ ).  
 ( $R_{2001} = 0,387, R_{2015} = -0,407$ ),  
 :  
 ( ). , -  
 , -  
 , -  
 , 2001 . ( -  
 ) ( 41,6%).  
 2015 .  
 (19,6%  
 29,3%) -  
 91,3% -  
 .  
 -  
 (50,5% 2015 .), (49,1%)



(  
) , %

	-	-	-	-	-	-
2001	8,9	33,4	7,0	13,9	38,6	100,0
2002	8,1	34,6	5,9	11,5	41,6	100,0
2003	8,1	31,4	4,4	16,7	41,4	100,0
2004	7,0	32,8	3,1	19,0	40,4	100,0
2005	6,5	35,3	1,6	27,3	32,3	100,0
2006	6,0	38,4	1,2	25,7	31,4	100,0
2007	4,0	43,9	0,8	23,5	30,3	100,0
2008	5,1	57,5	2,1	18,6	19,3	100,0
2009	4,8	48,4	2,3	20,0	26,7	100,0
2010	3,5	50,5	1,1	18,5	28,6	100,0
2011	3,2	47,4	0,4	17,6	33,7	100,0
2012	4,2	49,0	0,3	16,5	31,9	100,0
2013	4,2	51,3	-0,5	15,6	31,0	100,0
2014	4,6	58,0	0,6	15,8	22,7	100,0
2015	3,6	55,6	0,2	17,7	24,6	100,0

2015 .,

( ) .

14%.

3,9%.

( 30 ), 2013 . , -  
 , -  
 2,5 . -  
 , 15 -  
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 45,4%. 5  
 5

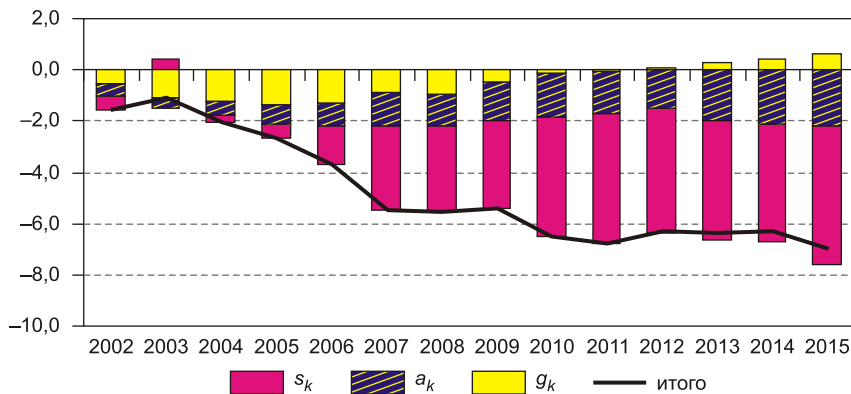
2001 ., %						
	-	-	-	-	-	-
2002	-1,6	-1,8	-1,6	-3,4	-0,7	-8,8
2003	-1,1	-2,9	-2,8	+2,4	+1,5	-3,1
2004	-2,0	-1,1	-4,0	+4,8	+1,2	-1,6
2005	-2,7	+0,7	-5,5	+12,5	-7,5	-3,6
2006	-3,7	+0,5	-6,0	+8,8	-11,0	-11,8
2007	-5,5	+4,2	-6,4	+6,3	-12,7	-14,3
2008	-5,5	+5,4	-5,6	-1,3	-25,6	-32,5
2009	-5,4	+2,0	-5,3	+0,7	-19,1	-26,9
2010	-6,5	+1,7	-6,3	-1,0	-18,8	-30,5
2011	-6,8	-1,7	-6,8	-2,1	-16,1	-33,2
2012	-6,3	-2,8	-6,9	-3,5	-18,7	-37,5
2013	-6,4	-2,2	-7,3	-4,4	-19,8	-39,2
2014	-6,3	-0,1	-6,7	-4,8	-25,6	-42,6
2015	-7,0	-3,1	-6,9	-4,2	-25,2	-45,4

: «-»

, «+» -

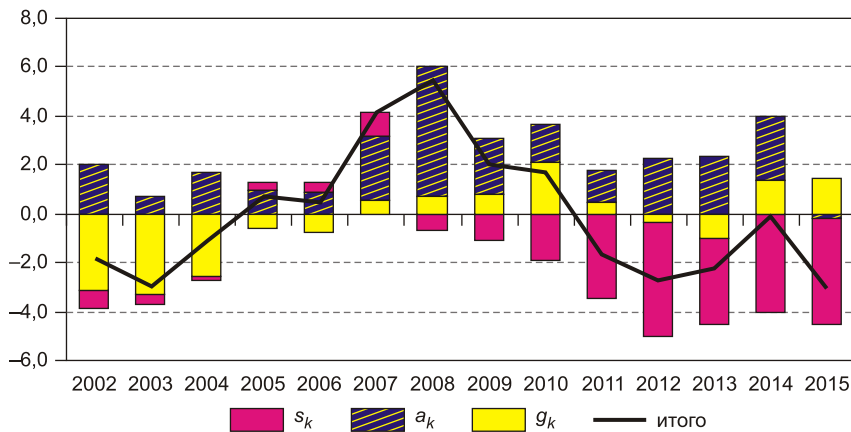
6–10

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. 6.

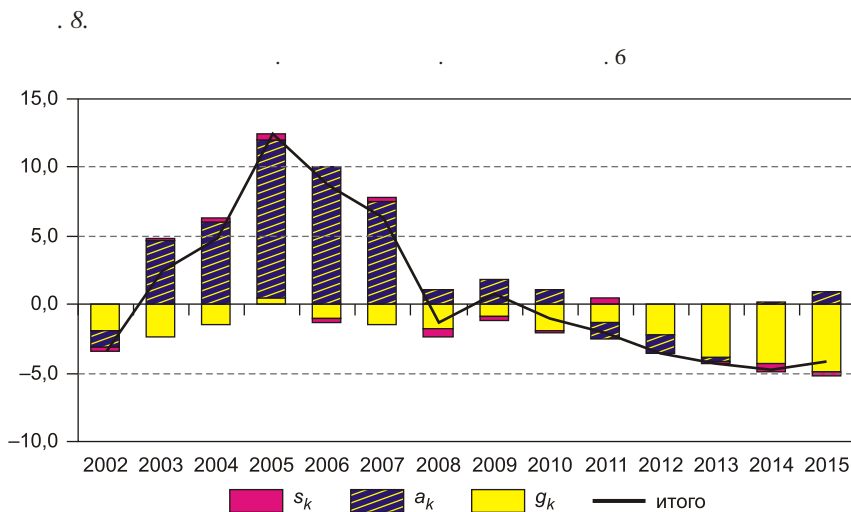
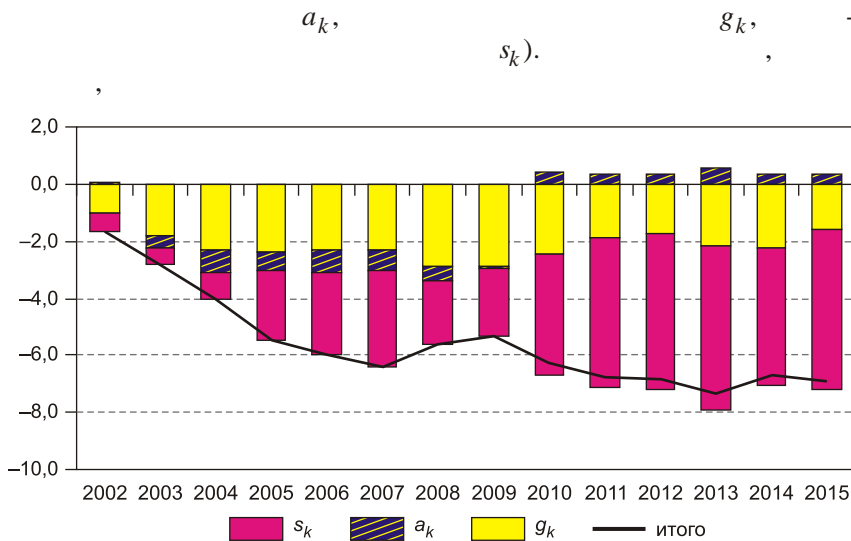
$s_k$  – ;  $a_k$  – ;  $g_k$  –



. 7.

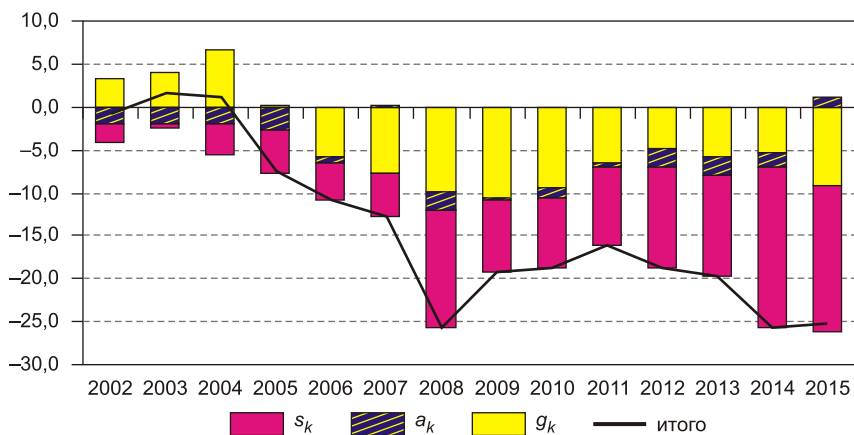
. 6





. 9.

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. 10.

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2013 .,

$Cov(e_k, F)$  ,  
 $s_k$ , -

7% 45,4%

( . . 6).  
 $(g_k)$  ,

$(s_k)$

$(a_k)$ ,

ó

2008 .

( . . 7),

2009 .

2012 .,

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. 2013–2014 .  
 ( , 2015 .  
 .  
 ( 3,1%).  
 ( . .8) 6,9%  
 .  
 2007 ., 2008–2009 .  
 , 2014 .  
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 , —  
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 ( . .9) 2005 . ,  
 .  
 , 2009 . 2010 .  
 ( 4,2%).  
 ( ( . .10), 15  
 25,2% ( 55% ).  
 :  $s_k$  68,1%  
 .  
 ,  
 : , 2017, 4 (96) 145



3. . . . . : -  
C. 132–150. // . – 2013. – 2. –
4. . . . . // . –  
2013. – 32 (4). – . 3–28.
5. . . . . : -  
 . – 2007. – 8. – . 26–33. // :
6. . . . . . . . . . ( -  
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 . – 2007. – 10. – . 155–163.
7. . . . . // . – 2008. – 9. –  
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8. . . . . // . –  
2016. – 3. – . 170–185.
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DOI: 10.15372/REG20170406

*Region: Economics & Sociology, 2017, No. 4 (96), p. 126–150*

**M.Yu. Malkina**

## **CONTRIBUTION OF VARIOUS SOURCES TO INTERREGIONAL PERSONAL INCOME INEQUALITY IN RUSSIA**

*The article evaluates the contribution of different personal income sources and their components to interregional inequality under static and dynamic conditions over the period of 2001–2015. We show that labor compensations had the least impact on reducing inter-regional differences, and their relative contribution to inequality increased. Social transfers had the greatest leveling effect, but their convergence potential was significantly exhausted due to the construction features. Property incomes were the strongest catalyst for inequality, but their share in the total personal incomes was small and decreasing, and their interregional differences in this area dropped in the post-crisis period, so they made a small contribution to the regional convergence. Incomes from entrepreneurial activity also had a small effect on reducing interregional disparities due to a decrease in the share of total incomes and spatial reallocation. The predominant contribution to convergence (more than 50%) was made by so-called other (mostly informal) incomes. The obtained results testify to the impact of both the centralized redistribution of incomes along with*

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*the adaptive practices of the population and the peculiarities of the regions' institutional environment on the reduction of interregional differences related to personal incomes in contemporary Russia.*

**Keywords:** region; personal incomes; income sources; inequality; Gini coefficient; decomposition

*The study is prepared within the framework of the project No. 15-02-00638 supported by funding from the Russian Foundation for Basic Research*

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28.08.2017 .

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338.24(571.62)

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2010–2016 . -

2014–2016 . -

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2010–2015 . -

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2013–2015 . — -

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2015 .

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2014–2016 .

2014–2016 .

2010–2013 .

2014–2015 .

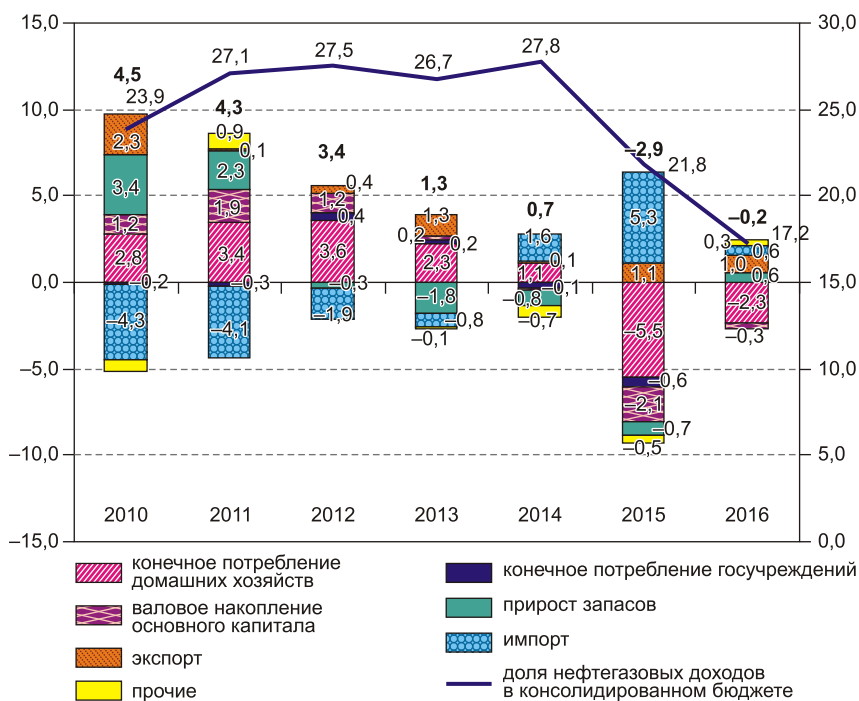
2010–2016 .

2014 .

2011–2013 .

2014–2016 .

2009 .	2010 . 4,5%, 2011 . –	
4,3%.	,	-
		-
,	27%	-
.		
	2013 .,	
	2013 .	-
	.	-
2014 .,		-
, 2015–2016 .		
( . ).		
2014 .		-
	,	-
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	2015–2016 .	
		-
2014 .,		
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2014 .,	27,8%. 2016 .	
17,2%.		
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2011 .,

<sup>1</sup> ( . 1).  
34

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	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	4,6	5,4	3,1	1,8	1,3	−0,6	...
	8	3	12	14	14	46	...
	5,4	1,2	5,8	4,8	−0,5	−4,1	−5,6
	6	34	3	4	29	76	78
	6,3	10,8	6,8	0,8	−1,5	−8,4	−0,9
	25	10	19	36	39	58	47

\*

2012–2013 .

12–14 -

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[10; 16].  
 ( ) [4; 20; 25].  
 [12–14; 17].  
 [8],  
 ( ),  
 [15].  
 [22],  
 [2; 3; 11; 19].

[19]

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: , 2017, 4 (96) 161

2009–2015 24., 540 (80%)

4. : . . . // -  
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The Journal of Econometric Study of Northeast Asia. – 2004. – Vol. 5, No. 1.

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	2010– 2015	2010– 2012	2013– 2015	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
	–0,511	–0,835	–0,774	–0,652	–0,880	–0,808	–1,060	–0,962
	0,266	0,458	0,525		0,412	0,443	0,522	0,489
	0,007						0,013	
10	0,162			0,176	0,188			
		0,033	0,027			0,033	0,040	0,052
-	0,094	0,085	0,102	0,069	0,082	0,081	0,109	0,093
-	0,069	0,057			0,090			
-		0,028						
- -		0,064	0,071	0,055	0,049	0,058	0,084	0,097
	0,132	0,184	0,113	0,169	0,193	0,193	0,156	0,127
	0,286	0,183	0,288	0,193	0,211	0,230	0,217	0,256
	0,423	0,487	0,482	0,474	0,466	0,412	0,561	0,615
					–0,200			

	2010– 2015	2010– 2012	2013– 2015	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
	0,193	0,281	0,156	0,342	0,324	0,212	0,197	0,241
-			0,068					
	480	240	240	80	80	80	80	80
R-	0,946	0,967	0,936	0,966	0,971	0,967	0,947	0,938

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	2009	2015	2015,	2015,	2015,	2015,
	-0,904	-0,548	-0,216			-1,902
			0,297			
-	0,053					
-	0,117		0,073		0,124	
-					0,087	
-	0,084		-0,068			
	0,126	0,088	0,230		0,081	0,182
-	0,205	0,415	0,153	0,631	0,169	0,471
	0,577					
			0,246			
-	0,439	0,111		0,184	0,169	
					-0,164	
	80	80	55	25	36	44
R-	0,858	0,931	0,941	0,978	0,987	0,906

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2000–2014

[1; 18].

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4. . . . : 2020. – URL: <http://gtmarket.ru/laboratory/expertize/5960> ( 16.08.2017).
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20. // : / . . . – . : , 2006. – . 545–558.
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 -418, ., 47, e-mail: mikheeva\_nn@mail.ru).

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*Region: Economics & Sociology, 2017, No, 4 (96), p. 151–176*

**N.N. Mikheeva**

## **FACTORS OF GROWTH OF RUSSIAN REGIONS: ADAPTATION TO NEW CONDITIONS**

*The article provides the results from analyzing the dynamics of production in the Russian regions between 2010 and 2016. The main hypothesis of the study is that the change in the Russian economic development model in 2014–2016 should have affected the economic situation in regions and activated the factors of economic dynamics that stayed passive before. We present a set of factors characterizing the initial conditions and objective region-to-region differences: the structure of the regional economic complex, features and limitations related to generating final demand, economic policy and institutional conditions. The research methodology is based on using the apparatus of extended production functions. We numerically assess the factors' contribution to the dynamics*

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of GRP per capita for 2010–2015. The main factors that determined the regional economic growth in a stable upward momentum and under the economic crisis were national trends. This is also confirmed with the estimates of regional dynamics carried out by identifying structural changes. For the whole period under research, factors associated with agglomeration effects, the localization of extractive industries, agriculture, and the chemical industry turned out to be statistically significant. In 2013–2015, factors of domestic demand – investor and consumer demands – were becoming more important. At the same time, there was no fundamental change in the contribution of factors; in particular, the ones characterizing innovation activity in regions and small enterprise development did not appear to be statistically significant. We define which economic policy trends have the most impact on regional growth. They include stimulation of the investor and consumer demands; for the conditions of 2015, a key factor was a decline in the poverty headcount ratio.

**Keywords:** regional factors; gross regional product; economic growth; agglomeration effects; human capital; consumer demand; investment; export

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«Spatial development of Russia in the XXI century: nature, society  
and their interaction» of the Presidium of the Russian Academy of Sciences*

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330.44+332.1

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<sup>1</sup> URL: <http://www.rbc.ru/economics/25/05/2017/5926b5ca9a79471f44048cb6> .

2017.01.01 - 2017.12.31		2017.01.01 - 2017.12.31	2017.01.01 - 2017.12.31	2017.01.01 - 2017.12.31
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## 2013–2019 .\*

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 ( )	2018 ( )	2019 ( )
	Urals, / ∴						
-	108,0	96,0	50,5	41,8	51,0	53,0	52,0
-	108,0	96,0	50,5	41,8	52,0	57,0	59,8
	2, %:						
-	109,3	99,1	96,3	107,7	107,6	107,9	108,9
-	109,3	99,1	96,3	107,7	108,1	113,3	110,0
	:						
-	7,3	10,0	14,9	11,4	10,1	7,0	6,0
-	7,3	10,0	14,9	11,4	10,0	6,0	5,0

\* 2013–2016 ( ), 2017–2019 .

Urals  
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<sup>2</sup> URL: [http://www.cbr.ru/press/PR.aspx?file=29072016\\_133016keyrate2016-07-29T13\\_25\\_34](http://www.cbr.ru/press/PR.aspx?file=29072016_133016keyrate2016-07-29T13_25_34) ; [http://www.cbr.ru/press/PR.aspx?file=03022017\\_133002keyrate2017-02-03T13\\_09\\_54.htm](http://www.cbr.ru/press/PR.aspx?file=03022017_133002keyrate2017-02-03T13_09_54.htm) ; [http://www.cbr.ru/press/PR/?file=24032017\\_132958keyrate2017-03-24T13\\_25\\_44.htm](http://www.cbr.ru/press/PR/?file=24032017_132958keyrate2017-03-24T13_25_44.htm) ; [http://www.cbr.ru/press/PR/?file=28042017\\_132959keyrate2017-04-28T13\\_17\\_20.htm](http://www.cbr.ru/press/PR/?file=28042017_132959keyrate2017-04-28T13_17_20.htm) ; <http://www.cbr.ru/press/keypr> .

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2. 2017–2019 . -  
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 2016 . (41,8 . ) -  
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 52 . ( 57 . ( 2016 . 24%), 2018 . 2017 . 9%) 2019 . – 60 .  
 ( 2015 . 5% – . . 1).

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31–90 .

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2018 . 13,3%	2019 . 10%.	-
2017 . 13%,	2018 . 18%	-
	2019 . 17%.	-
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	10%	-
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4.	2018 . 5%	-
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### 2017–2019 .

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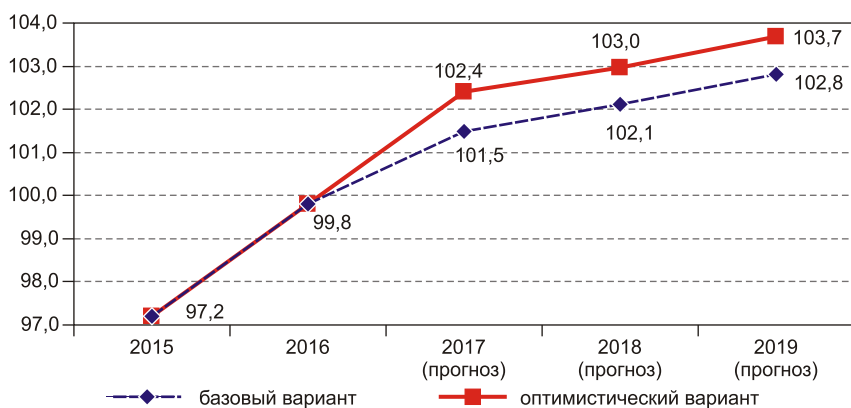
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### 2014–2019 . , %\*

	2014	2015	2016	2017 ( )	2018 ( )	2019 ( )	2017– 2019
, %:							
-	100,6	97,2	99,8	101,5	102,1	102,8	106,5
-	100,6	97,2	99,8	102,4	103,0	103,7	109,3
, %:							
-	97,3	91,6	97,7	101,3	103,0	105,1	109,7
-	97,3	91,6	97,7	103,1	104,9	106,9	115,6

\* 2014–2016 . ( ), 2017–2019 .



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## 2017–2019 .

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2017–2019 .		, %*			
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-		95,0	99,0	101,0	95,0
-		96,5	100,8	103,3	100,5
:					
-		91,2	99,1	101,0	91,3
-		93,2	101,4	103,8	98,2
:					
-		101,4	98,9	100,9	101,2
-		101,8	100,0	102,5	104,3
:					
-		96,6	99,0	101,0	96,6
-		98,3	101,0	103,4	102,7
:					
-		95,0	100,0	102,0	96,9
-		109,1	110,2	111,8	134,4
:					
-		100,5	100,8	101,1	102,4
-		100,9	101,7	102,5	105,2
:					
-		98,6	100,0	100,0	98,5
-		98,4	99,9	99,9	98,2
:					
-		105,7	101,8	100,1	107,8
-		104,7	100,9	99,2	104,8

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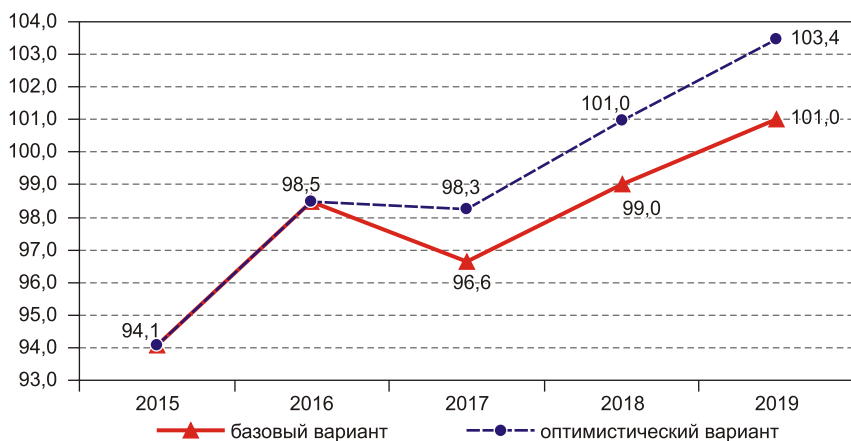
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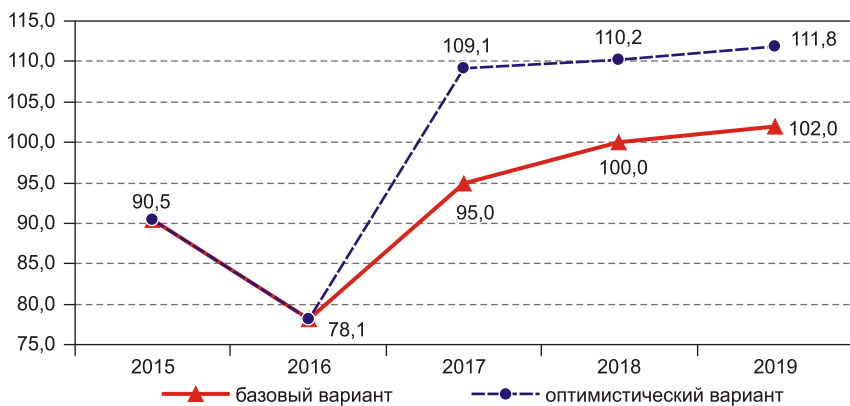
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2015–2019 ., %



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2015–2019 ., %

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					4
					2017–2019
					, %*
	2017	2018	2019	2017–2019	
–	72,4	100,0	107,2	77,7	
–	79,1	109,0	113,7	98,1	
–	94,9	100,0	102,1	96,8	
–	109,4	110,4	112,1	135,4	
–	99,1	99,2	100,9	99,2	
–	99,8	100,0	102,1	101,9	
–	100,5	97,5	102,6	100,5	
–	103,8	101,4	107,4	113,2	
–	80,7	99,0	100,9	80,6	
–	81,2	100,0	102,4	83,1	
–	98,5	99,3	100,6	98,4	
–	99,0	100,1	101,7	100,7	
–	86,5	98,4	101,7	86,6	
–	88,8	101,3	105,4	94,8	
–	98,0	99,0	100,8	97,8	
–	100,3	101,9	104,1	106,4	

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	2017	2018	2019	2017–2019
:				
-	102,3	98,9	100,9	102,1
-	105,3	102,5	104,9	113,3
:				
-	102,7	99,0	100,9	102,6
-	102,7	99,5	101,9	104,2
:				
-	101,6	99,1	100,9	101,5
-	102,5	100,3	102,6	105,5
,			:	
-	101,6	99,0	100,9	101,5
-	103,1	100,9	103,2	107,3
:			;	
-	100,8	98,9	100,9	100,6
-	100,0	98,6	101,0	99,6
:				
-	100,8	98,9	100,9	100,6
-	99,8	98,5	100,8	99,1
:				
-	100,9	98,9	100,9	100,7
-	104,1	102,7	105,1	112,3
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-	101,2	99,0	100,9	101,0
-	100,9	99,3	101,6	101,8

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*Region: Economics & Sociology, 2017, No. 4 (96), p. 177–199*

**A.O. Baranov, Z.B.-D. Dondokov, K.P. Dyrkheev,  
 V.N. Pavlov, V.I. Suslov**

## **MEDIUM-TERM FORECASTING OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE BURYAT REPUBLIC WITH A DYNAMIC INPUT-OUTPUT MODEL**

*The article forecasts the development of the economy in the Buryat Republic within 2017–2019, contingent on the aggregate macroeconomic forecast of Russia's economic development, by using a dynamic input-output model.*

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*For the economy of Buryatia, we calculate the forecast in two versions: baseline and optimistic. Following the forecast calculation results for the dynamic input-output model, we outline predictive estimates of the dynamics of regional and sectoral indicators of the Republic for 2017–2019 in comparable prices. According to the baseline forecast, the Buryat GRP will retain negative dynamics in 2017–2018. A moderate economic growth will only pick up in 2019 (GRP growth rate is 101%). Fixed investment will continue to fall in 2017 (95%) and resume growing only in 2019 (102%). It is shown that under a more active economic policy by the Government of the Republic of Buryatia and favorable macroeconomic conditions, the optimistic scenario demonstrates a slight economic growth as early as 2018: GRP will increase by 1%. In 2019, according to this version, GRP will rise by more than 3%. Considering the investment lag, in order to ensure economic growth in 2018–2019 under the optimistic scenario, a significant increase in investment should be resumed in 2017, which will continue in 2018–2019. The optimistic forecast is a numerical estimate of those investment increment factors that are necessary to ensure the beginning of an economic recovery in the Republic of Buryatia.*

**Keywords:** medium-term forecasting; dynamic input-output model; economy of the Buryat Republic

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No. 16-02-00650 supported by funding from the Russian Foundation  
for Basic Research*

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: , 2017, 4 (96), 200–219

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 2014–2015 .  
 1–2,2% .

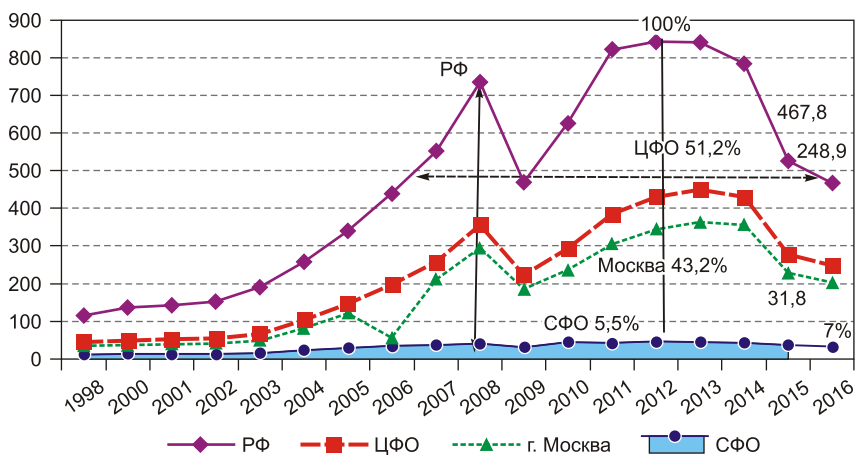
Важнейшим фактором формирования конкурентоспособности является качество человеческого капитала, которое определяется уровнем образования, профессиональными навыками и здоровьем населения [1; 2].

Согласно данным Росстата, в России наблюдается тенденция к снижению доли населения с высшим образованием, что негативно сказывается на уровне человеческого капитала. В 2012 году доля населения с высшим образованием составляла 130% от уровня 2006 года, а в 2017 году – 842,0 тыс. человек [3].

В то же время отмечается рост доли населения с средним специальным образованием, что также способствует формированию конкурентоспособности. В 2015 году доля населения с средним специальным образованием составила 7%, а в 2016 году – 11%. В 2017 году эта доля выросла до 13%.

Кроме того, важным фактором формирования конкурентоспособности является уровень здоровья населения. Согласно данным Росстата, в России наблюдается тенденция к снижению доли населения с высоким уровнем здоровья, что негативно сказывается на уровне человеческого капитала. В 2009 году доля населения с высоким уровнем здоровья составляла 469,2 тыс. человек, а в 2015 году – 467,8 тыс. человек [4].

Таким образом, формирование конкурентоспособности требует комплексного подхода, включающего повышение качества человеческого капитала, развитие инновационной экономики и улучшение условий жизни населения. Только这样才能 обеспечить устойчивое развитие страны.



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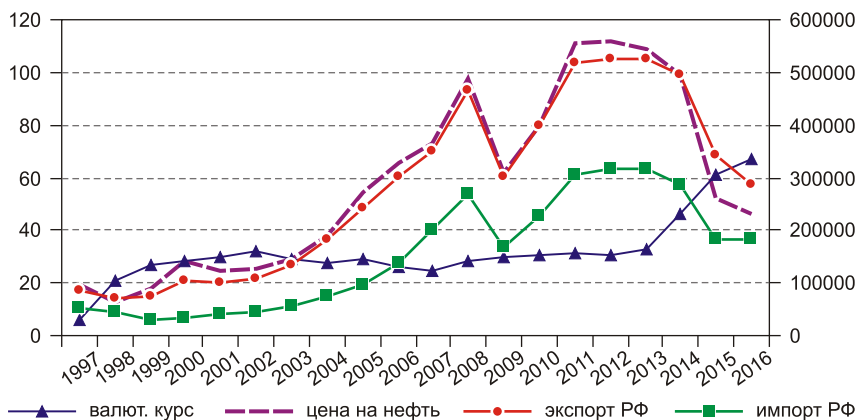
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«British Petroleum»	1998–2016	.		



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( $r = 0,329$   $= 0,15$ ).

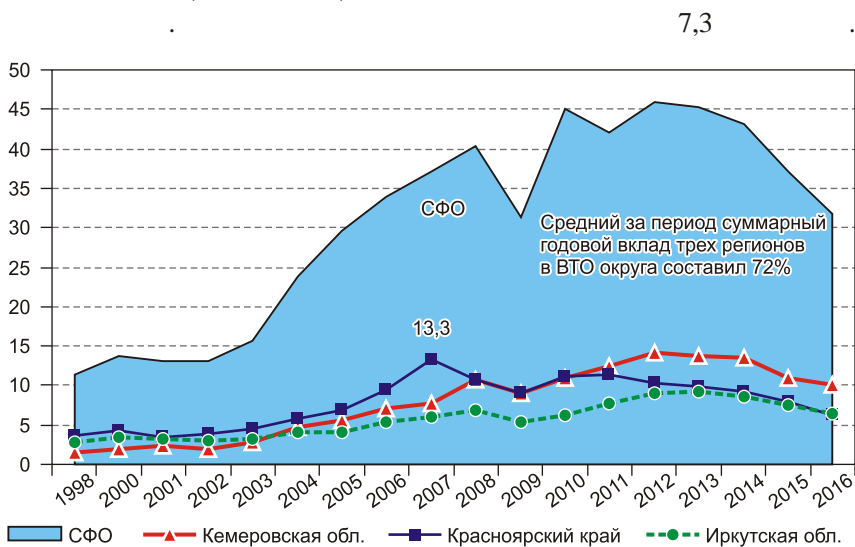
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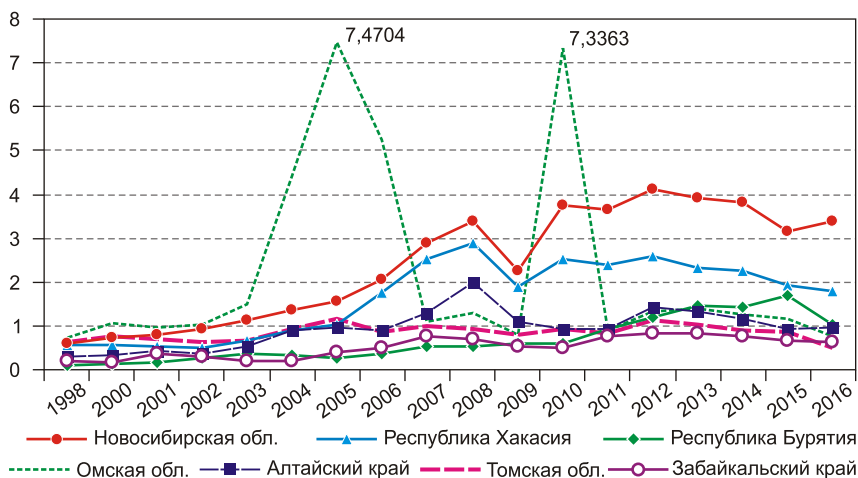
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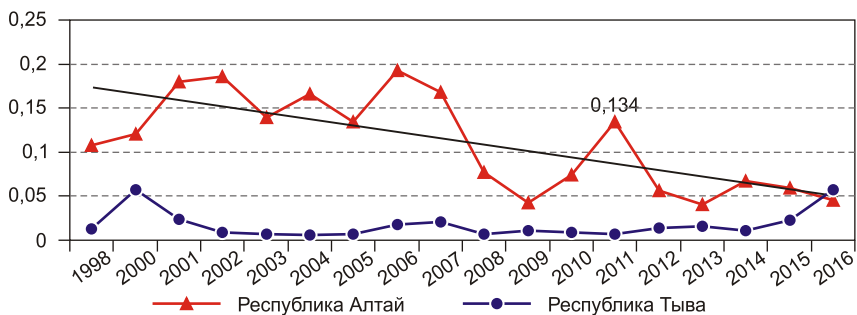
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2013 .							
						2016 -	2016
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2013,	-
							2013, %
	842,0	841,3	784,4	526,3	467,8	373,47	56
	430,7	449,1	429,2	277,7	248,9	200,21	55
	344,2	363,3	356,1	227,7	202,3	161,0	56
	46,0	45,3	43,0	37,1	31,82	13,51	70
:							
	14,108	13,702	13,437	10,985	10,09	3,61	74
	10,275	9,944	9,21	8,043	6,13	3,81	62
	8,963	9,33	8,687	7,584	6,49	2,85	70
	4,118	3,908	3,829	3,149	3,37	0,53	86
	2,58	2,316	2,259	1,926	1,78	0,54	77
	1,203	1,464	1,425	1,68	1,02	0,44	70
	1,332	1,409	1,271	1,16	0,77	0,64	54
	1,42	1,342	1,168	0,919	0,96	0,38	71
	1,114	1,039	0,91	0,879	0,49	0,55	47
	0,830	0,815	0,769	0,669	0,62	0,2	76
	0,057	0,041	0,068	0,06	0,05	0,0	112
	0,013	0,015	0,011	0,023	0,06	-0,04	375

: 2012 .

40,1% 2013 . 36,6% 2015 .

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155,6

33,4 35,1% 2013 2016 .

76,9–76,6%,

( 29,5 38,1% ),

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23%) (11 16%) .

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	-	1	Brent	-	R2	S2	DW
	-5558,7	4786,9*(1)	64354,1*		0,99	16671,2	2,2
	-24165,2	2957,7*(1)	45863,9*		0,967	20307,3	1,2
	-5662,1	4083,4*	67277,1*(1)		0,99	13943,2	2,25
	-27756,1	2616,5*(1)	47222,54*		0,97	18644,2	1,27
	-19900,9	2276,1*(1)	57519,6*		0,98	11346,5	2,03
	-22192,9	1813,3*(1)	32619,3*		0,961	13563,4	1,3
	2546,09	273,2*(1)		157,9**	0,89	3741,6	1,62
	988,8	79,1*			0,91	892,1	1,1
	-30,018	7,307*(1)	815,4*		0,8	215,8	2,23
	21,04	1,52*			0,4	64,79	1,08
	-6,27	-0,168**(1)		0,754**	0,53	10,33	1,9
	91,32	17,25*(1)	463,7**		0,86	271,8	1,13
	70,8	5,83*(1)	-165,29		0,85	89,15	1,07

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	1	Brent		R2	S2	DW
	181,8	6,79*		0,57	206,6	0,89
	43,27	4,39*		0,85	64,9	1,98
	72,83	1,88*		0,56	58,3	1,79
	-106,19	4,378*(1)		4,71*	0,89	64,88
	2406,4	67,58*		0,7	1558,5	1,2
	160,9	18,9*		0,85	228,4	1,397
	1402,1	47,9*(1)	1694,01*	0,92	557,9	2,01
	308,02	11,19*(1)	269,8**	0,83	192,7	1,073
	-352,78	111,19*(1)	3890,87*	0,95	1005,7	1,79
	32,99	9,86*		0,69	231,5	2,08
	-332,6	12,69*(1)		22,2*	0,91	191,6
	-119,4	20,76*(1)	332,7**	0,91	240,3	1,45
	132,6	3,73*		0,68	89,3	1,042
	1049,1			-11,69	0,55	141,39
	46,2	1,62*	278,8*(1)	0,68	87,5	1,8

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DOI: 10.15372/REG20170409

*Region: Economics & Sociology, 2017, No. 4 (96), p. 200–219*

**G.D. Kovaleva, A.V. Kostin**

## **ASSESSING EXTERNAL INFLUENCE ON TRADE IN THE REGIONS OF THE SIBERIAN FEDERAL DISTRICT**

*The article depicts a model to test a hypothesis about the effect of world-market oil prices, the ruble exchange rate, and anti-Russia sanctions on the international trade in the regions of the Siberian Federal District and Russia in general. We present the results of studies on foreign trade dynamics, commodity structure, and regional specific features. An independent result is an experience of using iterative multiple step-by-step regression, which makes it possible to identify a significant set of influencing factors and evaluate how they impact the generation of changes in a dependent variable. The article shows that sanctions had an inconsiderable effect on international trade. We have discovered a connection to sanctions for some regions of the Siberian Federal District but no influence from them on the district's aggregated trade.*

**Keywords:** Siberian Federal District; international trade; dynamic models of regional export and import; world market prices; exchange rate; sanctions; stepwise regression analysis; correlations; risks

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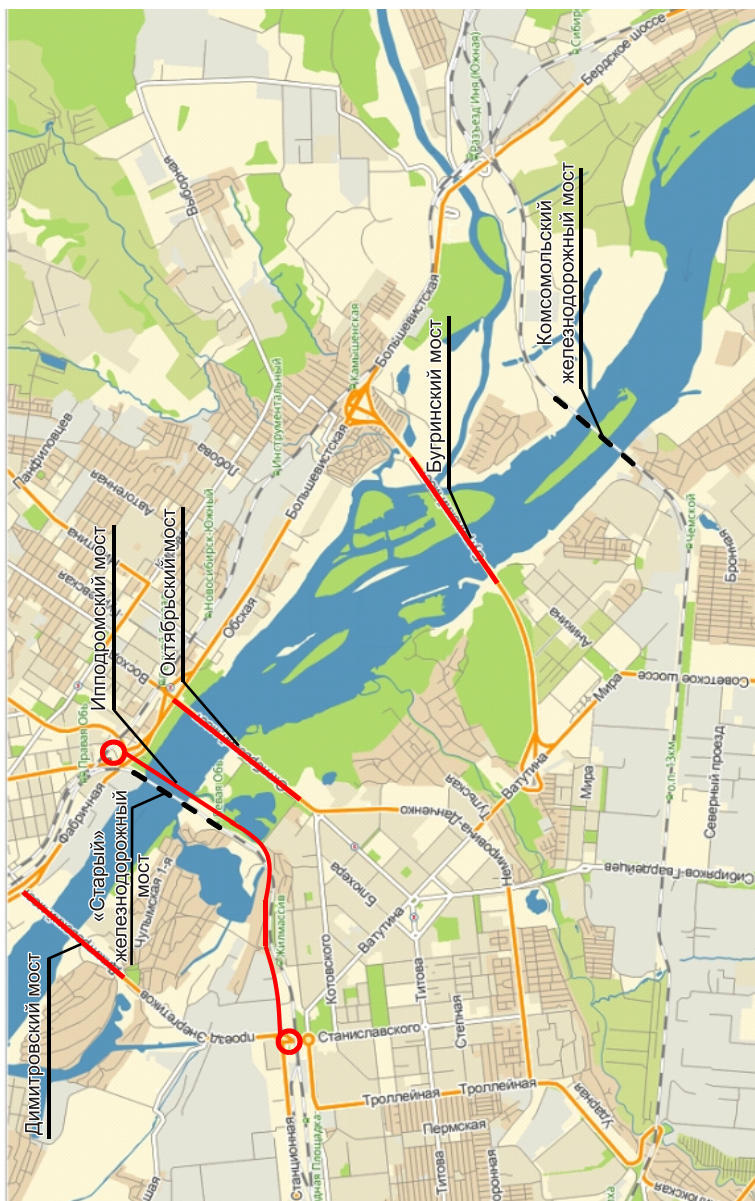
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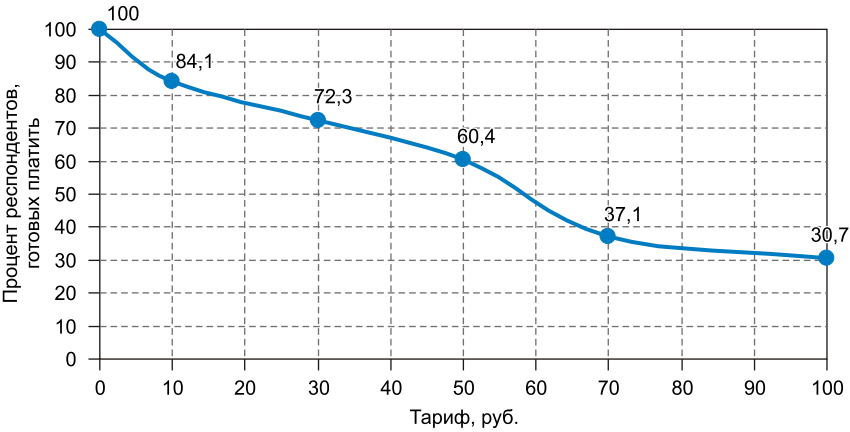
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2749	2749	2749	2749	2749	2749	2749	2749	2749	2749	2749	2749
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				$= \frac{30,7 - 60,4}{100 - 50} \times \frac{100 + 50}{30,7 + 60,4} = -0,978.$			
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6	1039,8	16	1922,2				
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DOI: 10.15372/REG20170410

*Region: Economics & Sociology, 2017, No. 4 (96), p. 220–241*

**R.V. Bekker**

**PROJECT FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE FOURTH  
OB RIVER MOTORWAY BRIDGE IN NOVOSIBIRSK:  
ANALYSIS AND EVALUATION OF ALTERNATIVES  
UNDER RISK**

*The article estimates the expected efficiency of constructing a motorway bridge across the Ob River in Novosibirsk under risk. We analyze alternatives that require much lower financial contribution and provide an opportunity to improve the city traffic situation in a short time. We consider organizing piggy-back traffic across the Ob, which would involve vehicle carriage over railway bridges. Investment decisions are evaluated using indicators of a project's commercial and fiscal efficiency. The calculations have shown that the piggy-back bridge crossings are more economically viable than a new motorway bridge.*

**Keywords:** investment project; investment; economic efficiency; motorway bridge; piggy-back traffic

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[9] ———, *How much can you see?*, Cambridge University Press, 2006.

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$$\begin{aligned}
& NP, NI \quad NE, \\
& , i = 1, \dots, NP, j = 1, \dots, NI, k = 1, \dots, NE, t = 1, \dots, T. \\
& i: CFP_{it} - \quad ; EPP_{it} - \\
& ; ZPP_{it} - \quad ; DBP_{it} - \\
& j: ZI_{jt} - \quad ; EPI_{jt} - \\
& ; VDI_{jt} - \\
& ; ZPI_{jt} - \quad , \\
& k: ZE_{kt} - \quad ; ZPE_{kt} - \\
& ; EDE_{kt} - \\
& k \quad t. \\
& : \mu_{ij} - \quad , \quad 1, \\
& j, \quad 0 \quad i \\
& ik - \quad , \quad 1, \quad i \\
& k, \quad 0 \\
& : DG - \\
& DI - \quad ; BudG_t, BudI_t -
\end{aligned}$$

$$k, \bar{y}_k = 0 \quad 2.$$

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$$\sum_{j=1}^{NI} ZI_{jt} x_j + \sum_{k=1}^{NE} ZE_{kt} \bar{y}_k - BudG_t, t = 1, \dots, T, \quad (2)$$

$$(y, z, u) \in F^*(x, \bar{y}), \quad (3)$$

$$x_j, \bar{y}_k \in \{0;1\}, j = 1, \dots, NI, k = 1, \dots, NE, \quad (4)$$

$$F^*(x, \bar{y}) = \{ (y, z, u) \in \mathbb{R}^n_+ : \quad (5)$$

$$\sum_{t=1}^T \sum_{i=1}^{NP} CFP_{it} z_i - \sum_{l=1}^{NE} ZE_{lt} u_l \leq (1 + DI)^t \max_{i=1, \dots, NP} CFP_{it} z_i \quad (5)$$

$$x_j = z_i \mu_{ij}, i = 1, \dots, NP, j = 1, \dots, NI, \quad (6)$$

$$y_k + u_k = z_i \mu_{ik}, i = 1, \dots, NP, k = 1, \dots, NE, \quad (7)$$

$$y_k + u_k = 1, k = 1, \dots, NE, \quad (8)$$

$$(y_k + u_k) \mu_{ik} = z_i, i = 1, \dots, NP, k = 1, \dots, NE, \quad (9)$$

$$y_k = \bar{y}_k, k = 1, \dots, NE, \quad (10)$$

$$\sum_{l=1}^{NE} ZE_{lt} u_l - \sum_{i=1}^{NP} CFP_{it} z_i = BudI_t, t = 1, \dots, T, \quad (11)$$

$$\sum_{t=1}^T \sum_{i=1}^{NP} (ZPP_{it} - EPP_{it}) z_i + \sum_{j=1}^{NI} (ZPI_{jt} - EPI_{jt}) x_j + \quad (12)$$

$$+ \sum_{k=1}^{NE} (EDE_{kt} + ZPE_{kt})(y_k + u_k) \leq (1 + DG)^t \cdot 0, \quad (13)$$

$$y_k, z_i, u_k \in \{0;1\}, i = 1, \dots, NP, k = 1, \dots, NE. \quad (13)$$

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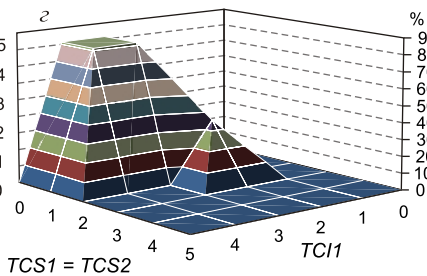
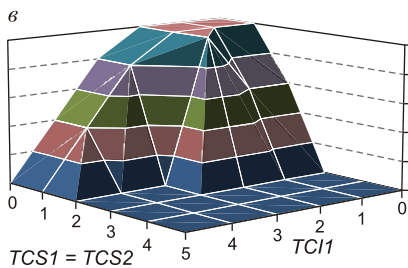
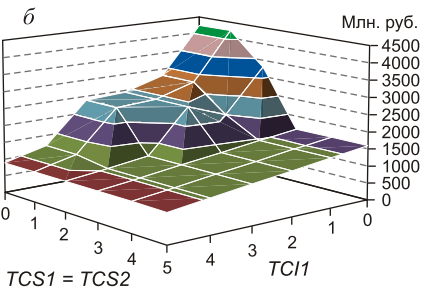
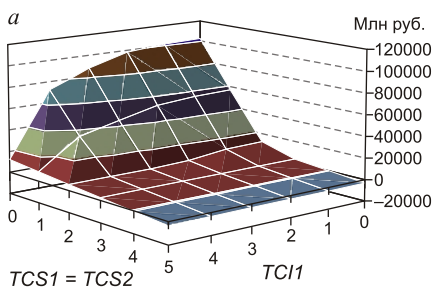
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:			
$ELL = \frac{T}{t=1} \frac{NP}{i=1} EPP_{it} z_i + \frac{NI}{j=1} EPI_{jt} x_j / (1 + DG)^t ] /$			
$/ \frac{T}{t=1} \frac{NP}{i=1} (DBI_{it} + ZPP_{it}) z_i + \frac{NI}{j=1} (VDI_{jt} + ZPI_{jt}) x_j +$			
$+ \frac{NE}{k=1} ZPE_{kt} (y_k + u_k) / (1 + DG)^t )$			



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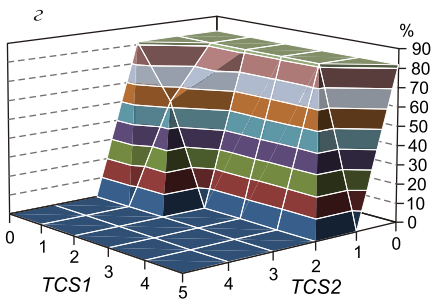
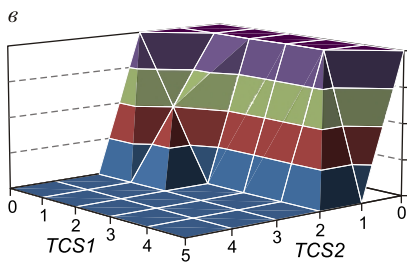
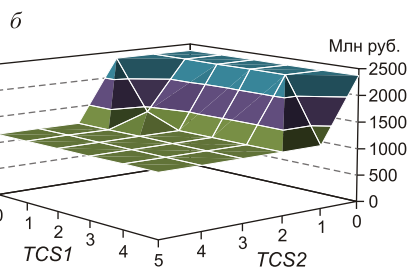
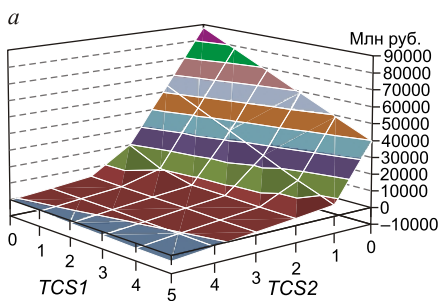
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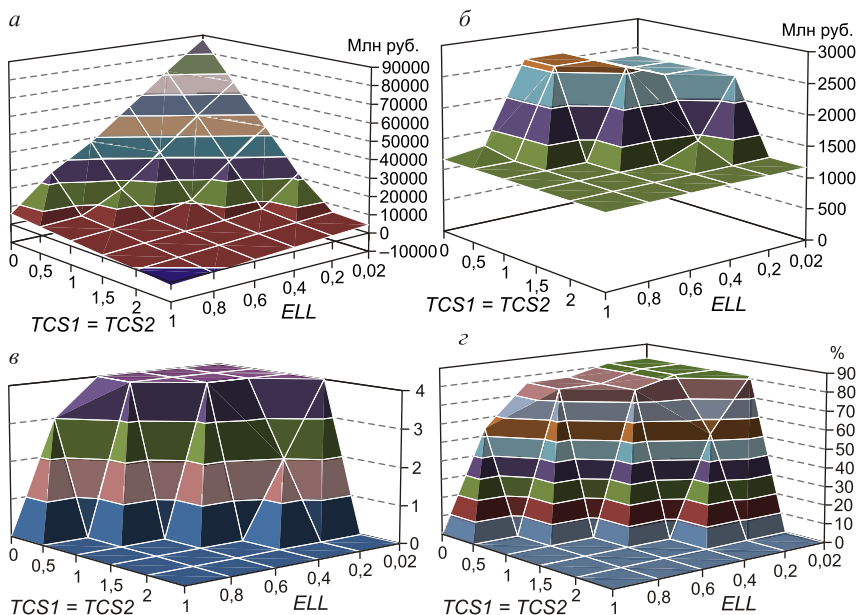
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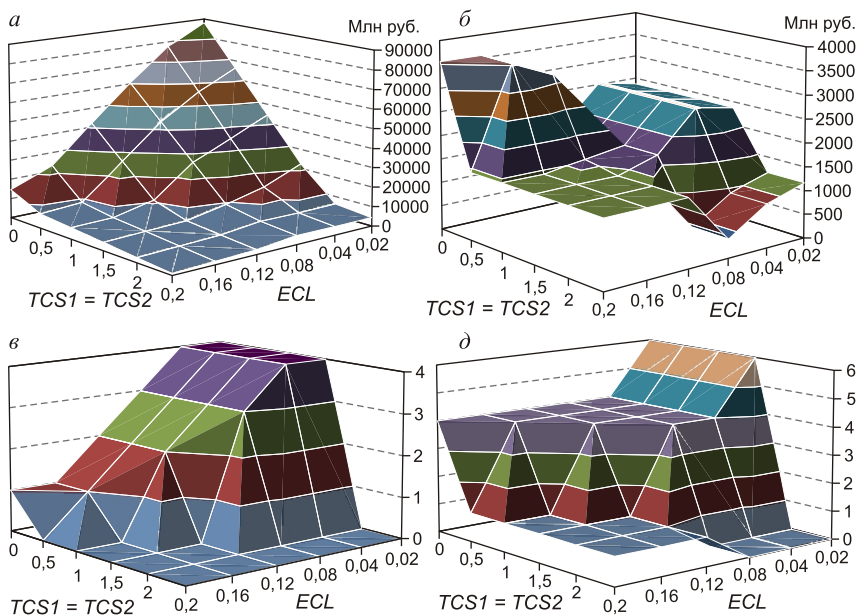
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*Region: Economics & Sociology, 2017, No. 4 (96), p. 242–266*

**I.P. Glazyrina, S.M. Lavlinskii**

**TRANSACTION COSTS IN THE SUBSOIL USE:  
ECO-ECONOMIC ANALYSIS OF THE MECHANISMS  
OF PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS**

*The article examines the problems of developing a regional mineral resource base in regions, which have an underdeveloped production infrastructure. We propose an original mathematical model, where public investments are involved both in creating infrastructure and carrying out environmental measures, to assess the impact of transaction costs ( $T$ ) on the performance of public-private partnerships (PPP). Such a situation often occurs in practice and usually stems from a need to build modern housing and environmental infrastructure in remote areas of Siberia and the Far East. The article reveals factors that affect the efficiency of PPP when developing fields on the untapped*

areas. A significant factor of influence, comparable to the discount rate, is the state's level of TCs, with their growth having the most negative effect against a high investment discount rate. This suggests that, in adverse investment conditions, it is important to prevent the state's TCs from growing. The most natural way is through improving the efficiency of state institutions of eco-economic regulation, reducing redundant functions and excessive costs. The analysis shows that the economic performance of PPPs depends on individual factors and their combinations alike, and the dependence is rather complex. An a priori assurance that a PPP where the state has a substantial share always brings positive results is unfounded if we aim to respect the interests of not only private businesses but also society as a whole.

**Keywords:** mineral resource base development; transaction costs; public-private partnership; the Stackelberg model

*The research is carried out within the framework of the project  
No. 16-18-00073 supported by funding from the Russian Science Foundation*

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**A.V. Ivanov, Yu.V. Popkov, I.V. Fotieva, P. Gupta**

## **TRANS-EURASIAN TRANSPORT MEGAPROJECTS: PROJECT INTENTIONS**

*The article gives a review of transport megaprojects expected to be carried out in Eurasia. We assess the existing latitudinal and meridional megaprojects in terms of their prospects and risks for Russia and its border regions, as well as for Eurasian countries in general. The article critically evaluates a project related to the New Silk Road, which consists of laying a road and a gas pipeline through the Ukok high-altitude plateau on the Altai border between China and Russia. As an alternative, we provide rationale for building up a meridional transport, economic and cultural Russian–Indian mega-corridor. We remark its potentialities in bringing economic benefits, solving border disputes, expanding cooperation among the Eurasian BRICS countries, overcoming cultural and environmental risks, as well as promoting interaction within the Shanghai Cooperation Organization. The article considers megaprojects an essential addition to Eurasian latitudinal ones and an important condition for strengthening the power of the Eurasian geopolitical world.*

**Keywords:** Eurasia; Russia; China; India; the geopolitical leader; strategizing; international cooperation; megaprojects

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32,1	67,9	1583	4601231	10.09.2009	16.08.2010
54,1	45,9	1517	4589211	10.09.2009	07.08.2010
61,0	39,0	1466	4365252	10.09.2009	30.07.2010
62,1	37,9	1435	4561232	10.09.2009	26.07.2010
76,9	23,1	1199	3271433	10.09.2009	24.06.2010
77,3	22,7	1197	3252916	10.09.2009	23.06.2010
78,0	22,0	1190	3249342	10.09.2009	22.06.2010
80,2	19,8	1169	3193429	10.09.2009	01.06.2010
88,2	11,8	998	2789045	10.09.2009	24.04.2010
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01.03.2010	1	01.03.2011	1	01.03.2012	1	01.03.2013	1	01.03.2014	1
01.04.2010	0	01.04.2011	0	01.04.2012	0	01.04.2013	0	01.04.2014	0
01.05.2010	1	01.05.2011	1	01.05.2012	1	01.05.2013	1	01.05.2014	1
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01.07.2010	0	01.07.2011	0	01.07.2012	0	01.07.2013	0		
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01.09.2010	2	01.09.2011	2	01.09.2012	2	01.09.2013	2		
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01.11.2010	1	01.11.2011	1	01.11.2012	1	01.11.2013	1		
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$$F = \max_{t} (x_t - x_{t-1} + y_t) / d_t$$



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$\quad , \quad \quad \quad :$

$$p_i x_{it} - P_t,$$

$p_i - \quad i; P_t -$

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$$M_{z,t}$$

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$$m_{it} x_{it} - M^{z,t} = 0,$$

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1/R <sub>0</sub>	0,062	0,027	0,014	0,0005	0,005	0,0003	0,140

$$K_{i,t} = \frac{p_i x_{it}}{1/R_0} \quad , i = 1, \dots, t = 1,$$

$$K_{i,t} = \frac{p_i x_{it}}{1/R_0} \quad (3); R_0 =$$

( ),

$$p_i x_{it} = 0.$$

$$p_i x_{it} = 0.$$

4.

:

$$w_t = \sum_{r=1}^t (K_{i,r} + K_{i,2,r}) = 0,$$

$$K_{i,r} = \frac{p_i x_{ir}}{1/R_0} \quad (0,08);$$

$$K_{i,r} = \frac{p_i x_{ir}}{1/R_0} \quad (4);$$

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	—	11100	—	—	—	6
	—	990	—	—	—	5
-	—	6069	—	—	—	15
	—	—	2750	—	—	15
-	—	—	5830	—	—	15
	—	—	—	913	—	10
	—	—	—	1100	—	10
-	—	—	—	1280	1280	5
	—	—	—	—	545	5
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$$W_{\alpha} = \{w \in W : w \text{ is } \alpha\text{-normal}\} \quad ; \quad \text{ч. 2, } r = \dots$$

6%.

$$t - \dots, t :$$

$$x_t - M^{z,t} - Z_{1,t} - Z_{2,t} - Z_{3,t} - \dots - Z_{t,t} = 0.$$

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 & - 0,13 \cdot, t-1 + \cdot, t - \cdot S \cdot, t - \\
 & - (S \cdot, t + w \sum_{r=1}^t S \cdot, r) + \\
 & + w \cdot, t \sum_{r=1}^t \cdot, r + 0,06 \sum_{r=1}^t \cdot, 2, r - X \cdot, t = 0, \\
 & \cdot, t - 0,11 - t, \\
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( )	800	2032	1690	1540	938	6
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-102	4053	3052	6836	7559	10265	20
	6703	9734	13126	7662	13303	–

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... ,  $t$  – ... ,  $t$  – ... ,  $t$  – ... 1,  $t$  = 0.  
... ,  $t$   
– , –  
:  
... 1,  $t$  + ... ,  $t$  – ... ,  $t$  – ... 2,  $t$  = 0.  
... ,  $t$   
:  
 $w_{\dots, t} + w_{\dots, t} - \dots, t = 0$ ,  
 $w_{\dots} = 0,16 -$  ( , –  
) –  
;  $w_{\dots} = 0,308 -$  ,  
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$x_{it} =$  ,

$F = \max_{t, q, t}$

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$\dots$

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
1	-328,80	-217,74	-153,98	-96,97	-45,88
2,	-199,10	-131,80	-93,30	-58,70	-27,80
3	-70,82	-46,90	-33,17	-20,88	-9,88
4	-2,60	-1,71	-1,21	-0,76	-0,36
5	-2,67	-1,76	-1,25	-0,78	-0,37
6	-1,56	-1,03	-0,73	-0,46	-0,22
7	-734,67	-486,55	-344,08	-216,68	-102,54
	-0,27	-0,18	-0,127	-0,08	-0,038
	10,00	10,66	10,62	10,60	10,00
-	10,00	-10,66	-10,62	-10,60	-10,00
	-1856,37	-	-	-	-
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XI.172 ( XI.172.1.3).  
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**V.V. Titov, S.K. Napreeva**

## **OPTIMIZING PLANNING OF INNOVATIVE PROCESS FROM NEW PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT TO DISTRIBUTION**

*The organization of corporate planning from the development of new products to their distribution in the system of optimized intracompany management under risk and uncertainty of external and internal environment is a complex scientific and methodological problem. Currently, there are virtually no sound risk-management techniques at the level of industrial enterprises, so the research issue is undoubtedly topical. At the top level of management, key strategic indicators are achieved by the development and implementation of innovations, mostly related to planning and producing new high-tech products. However, it is at this level that risk and uncertainty have the greatest impact on planning the design, production, and distribution of new products. Researchers suggest using stochastic graphs with backtracks for such planning. This idea is supported by an optimization model for corporate planning, which enables to assess the efficiency of new product development and distribution processes. In the article, we show the solution methodically and practically by an example of a functioning instrument-making plant.*

**Keywords:** new product development; stochastic graphs with backtracks; product characterization; the assessment of production efficiency; optimization model for corporate planning

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